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- (b) OPM will not notify the IRS to increase the amount of a debt owed by a debtor named in OPM's original notification to the IRS.
- (c) If the amount of a debt is reduced after referral by OPM and offset by the IRS, OPM will refund to the debtor any excess amount and will promptly notify the IRS of any refund made by OPM.

§835.607 Administrative charges.

All administrative charges incurred in connection with the referral of the debts to the IRS will be assessed on the debt and thus increase the amount of the offset.

PART 837—REEMPLOYMENT OF ANNUITANTS

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AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 8337, 8344, 8347, 8455, 8456, 8461, and 8468; and section 302 of Pub. L. 99–335, June 6, 1986, as amended.

SOURCE: 58 FR 48266, Sept. 15, 1993, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General Provisions

§837.101 Applicability.

- (a) This part prescribes rules governing—
- (1) Reemployment of an annuitant by the Federal Government;
- (2) Reemployment of an annuitant by the government of the District of Columbia when the annuitant—
- (i) Had been employed subject to CSRS by the District of Columbia prior to October 1, 1987;
- (ii) Is an employee of the government of the District of Columbia not excluded from CSRS under §831.201(g) or §831.201(i); or
- (iii) Is an employee of the District of Columbia who is deemed to be a Federal employee for FERS purposes under §842.107 or §842.108 of this chapter; and
- (3) The payment of retirement and death benefits based on reemployment covered by this part.

(b) This part is not applicable to reemployment, in the Executive Branch, under 5 U.S.C. 8344(i) or 8468(f) (see part 553 of this chapter), relating to reemployment of retirees to meet exceptional employment needs, or to employment under 5 U.S.C. 8344 (j) or (k) or 5 U.S.C. 8468 (g) or (h) in the Judicial or Legislative Branches.

[58 FR 48266, Sept. 15, 1993, as amended at 62 FR 50996, Sept. 30, 1997; 64 FR 15288, Mar. 31, 1999]

§837.102 Definitions.

Actual service means the period of time during which an annuitant is reemployed, excluding periods of separation and non-pay status.

Annuitant means a former employee or Member who is receiving, or meets the legal requirements and has filed claim for, annuity under either CSRS or FERS based on his or her service.

Another retirement system or "other retirement system" means a program created by Federal or District of Columbia statute or regulation and administered by an agency of the Federal Government or District of Columbia that provides retirement and/or death benefits to Federal or District of Columbia employees whose employment would otherwise be subject to the provisions of CSRS or FERS, or that credits service in the computation of benefits that would otherwise be credited in the computation of a CSRS or FERS benefit, or that provides a death benefit when a death benefit is payable from CSRS or FERS.

CSRS means the Civil Service Retirement System, as described in subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code.

CSRS annuitant means an annuitant retired under CSRS.

CSRS-Offset service means service by a reemployed CSRS annuitant that is subject to the OASDI tax by operation of section 101 of Public Law 98–21. It does not include any service performed before January 1, 1984.

CSRS-Offset wages means basic pay, as defined under 5 U.S.C. 8331(3), of an employee or Member performing CSRS-Offset service, but not to exceed the contribution and benefit base for the calendar year involved.

Continuous service means reemployment without a period of separation from service, or conversion to intermittent status, of more than 3 days.

Contribution and benefit base means the contribution and benefit base in effect with respect to the period involved, as determined under section 230 of the Social Security Act.

FEC means Federal Employees Compensation, that is, benefits paid on the basis of a work-related disease or injury under the provisions of chapter 81 of title 5, United States Code, but does not include a scheduled award under the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 8107, or medical services under 5 U.S.C. 8103.

FERS means the Federal Employees Retirement System, as described in chapter 84 of title 5, United States Code

FERS annuitant means an annuitant who retired under FERS, or a reemployed CSRS annuitant whose election of FERS coverage under part 846 of this chapter is effective on or after January 8, 1988.

Full-time equivalent to part-time service means the amount of actual service that would result if the total hours worked on a part-time basis had been performed on a full-time basis, and the remaining portion of the period of reemployment was in a non-pay status.

Full-time service means actual service in which the reemployed annuitant is scheduled to work the number of hours and days required by the administrative workweek for his or her grade or class (normally 40 hours).

Fund means the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund as described at 5 U.S.C. 8348.

Intermittent service means any actual service performed on a less than full-time basis with no prescheduled regular tour of duty.

Lump-sum credit has the same meaning as the term is defined at section 8401(19) or section 8331(8) of title 5, United States Code, as may be applicable under the circumstances.

OASDI tax means, with respect to Federal wages, the Old Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance tax imposed under section 3101(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

Part-time service means actual service performed on a less than full-time basis